

Lecture 9 : MOSFET Switches

0. Review

1. MOSFET Intro

2. MOSFET Switch Analysis

3. MOSFET Switch Design

• PreLab 4 due Thu

• HW4 due Fri (Oct 25)

• Exam 1 re-do (counts as HW)
due next Tue (Oct 29)

• Lab 3 report due Nov 4 (Mon)

Textbook Reading: 12-4 Enhancement Mode MOSFET

5 Ohmic region

8 Power FETs

9 High-side MOSFET load switches

0. Review

Step 1

Know your load: current, voltage, etc

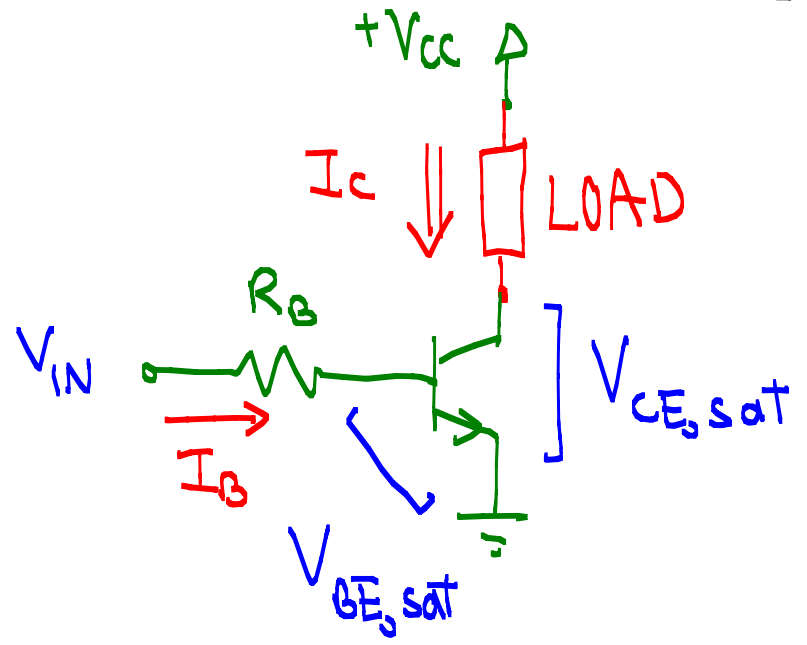
Step 2

Wisely choose the transistor

↳ check $\max I_c$, $\max V_{CE}$, T_J

Step 3

Properly saturate the transistor

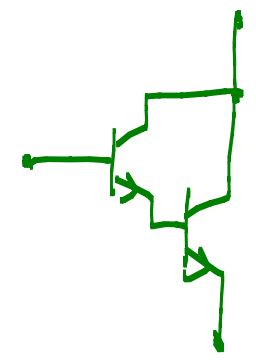


(A) $V_{CE} = V_{CE,sat}$

(B) $I_B \approx \frac{I_C}{10}$
Single BJT



or $I_B \approx \frac{I_C}{250}$
Darlington

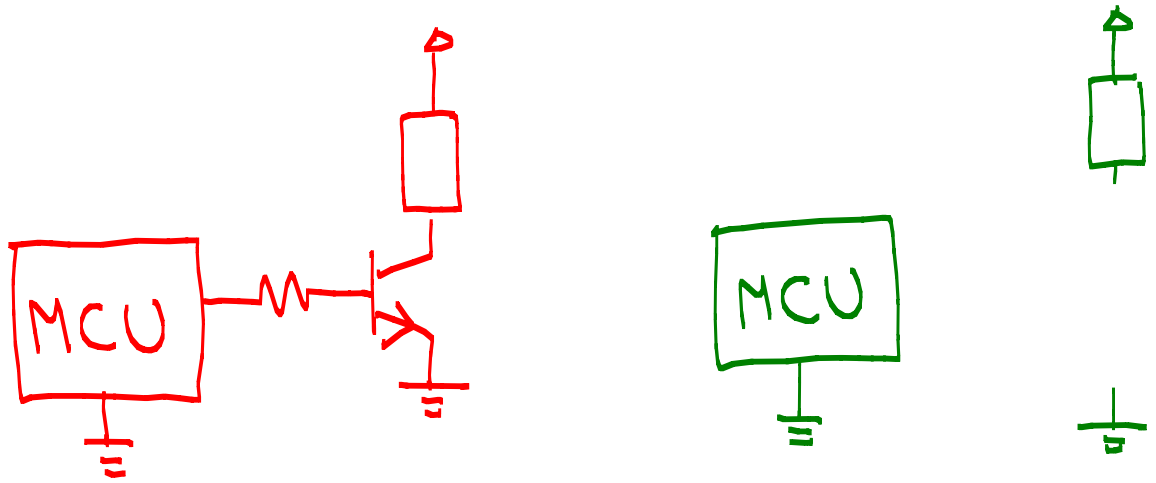


1. MOSFET Intro

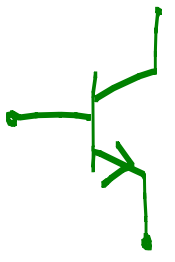
• BJT switches are very useful, but some issues to consider:

① Base Current

② Power Dissipation



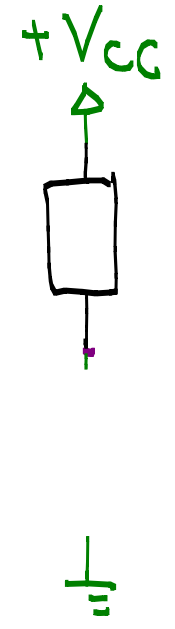
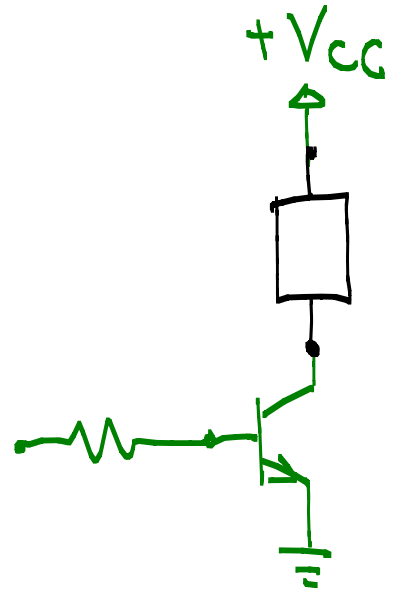
BJT:



• Control

• Load

• Mode



MOSFET:

• Control

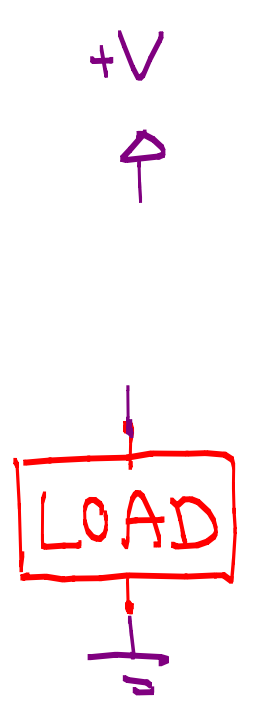
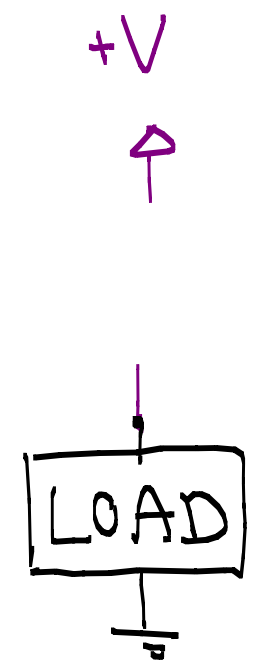
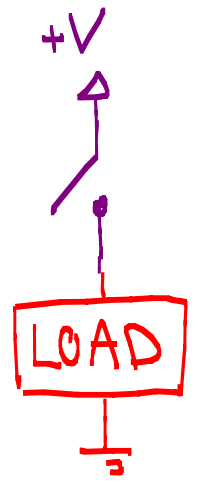
• Load

• Mode

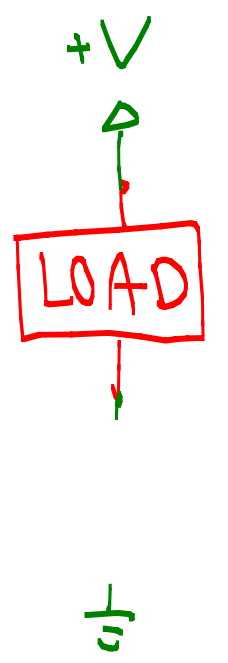
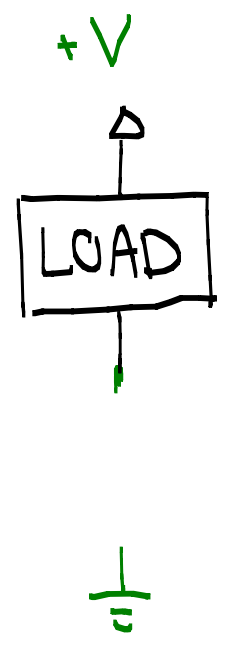
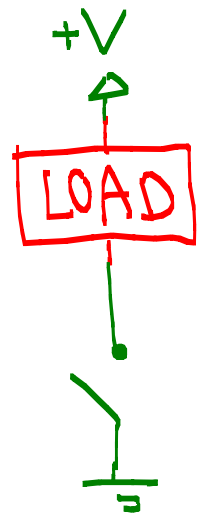


Low-side vs. High-side Switch

High-side (p-ch)



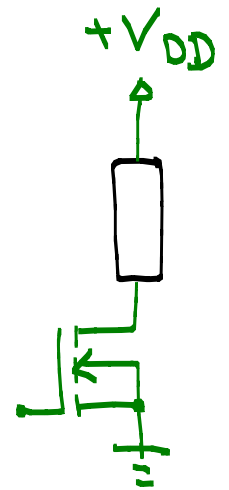
Low-side (n-ch)



• MOSFET Properties : 2 major ones

①

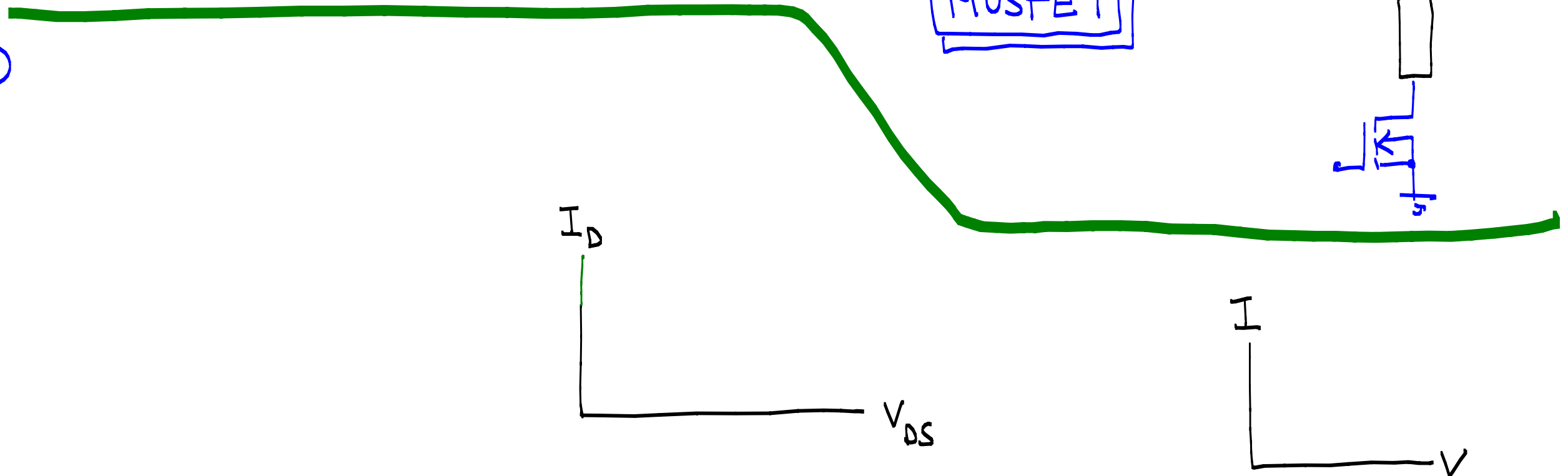
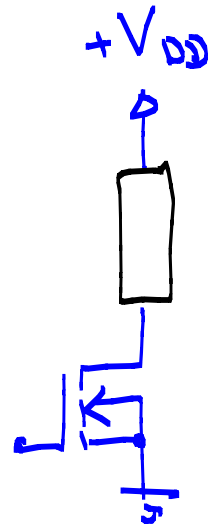
Small signal
MOSFET



9.4

②

Power
MOSFET



Q: How to convert 0-5V logic to higher voltage (e.g. 10V)?

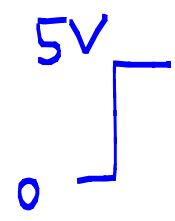
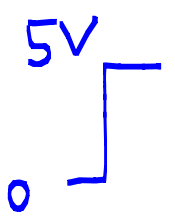
A: Make a _____ using...

One MOSFET

Two MOSFETS

Example:

Example:

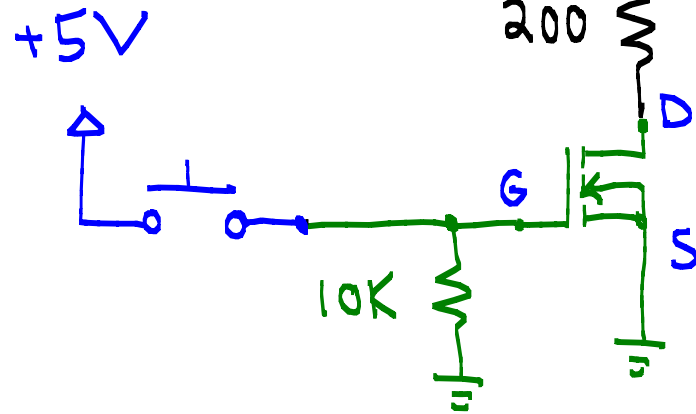


2. MOSFET Switch Analysis ECE248 style

• Example: LED Driver

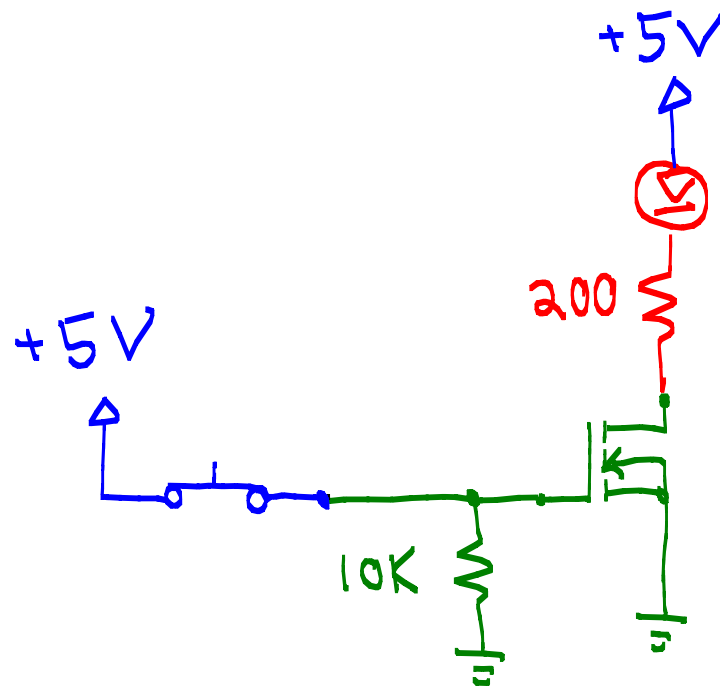
MOSFET Properties: $V_{GS,TH} = 2.4V$, $R_{DS,ON} = 3\Omega$ $\left\{ \begin{array}{l} V_{GS} = 5V \\ I_{D,ON} = 250mA \end{array} \right.$

LED: $V_F = 3V$ +5V



• Open push button:

• Closed push button:



ECE 363 style analysis

MOSFET data sheet has a plot like this:

9.7

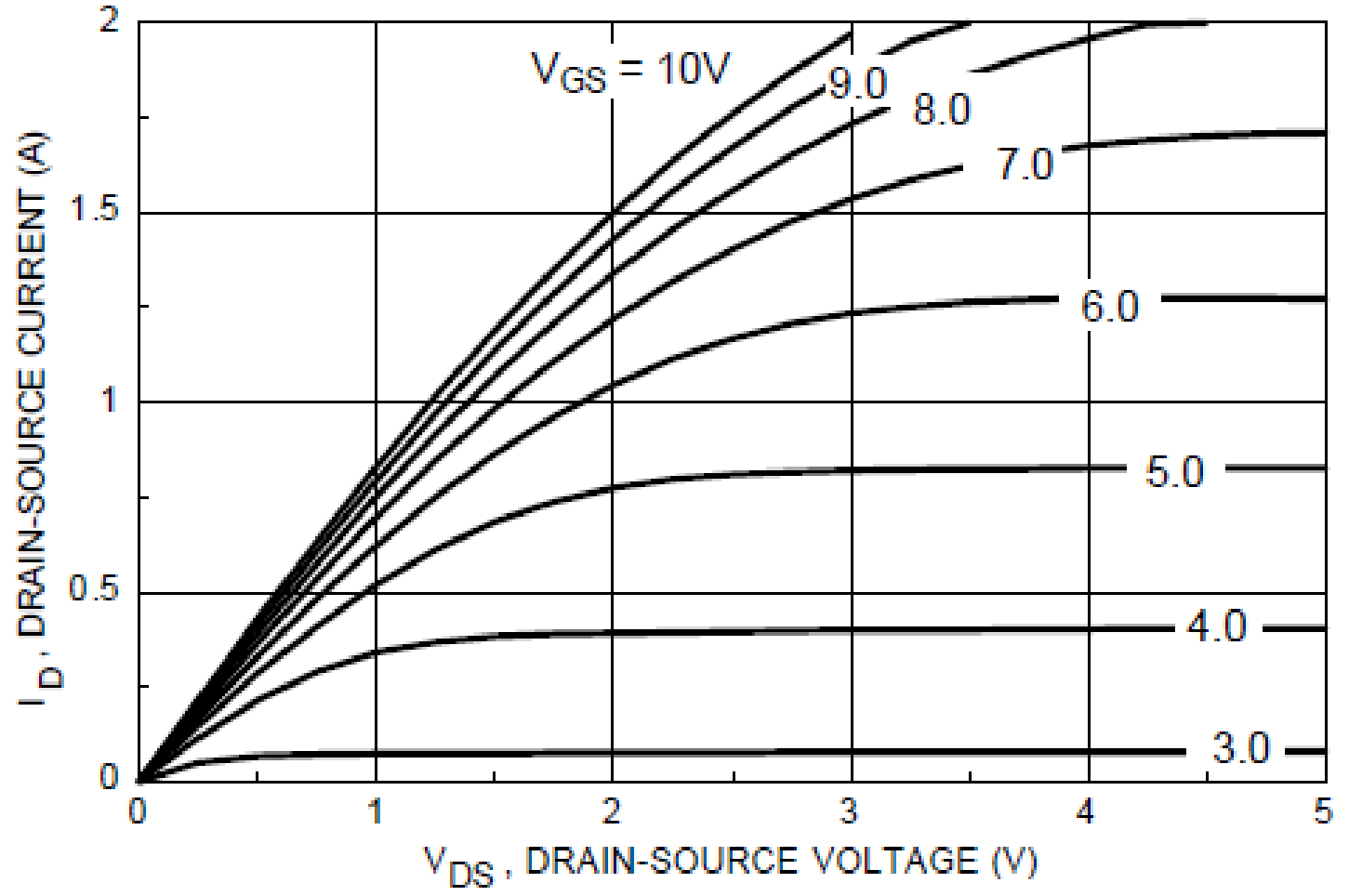
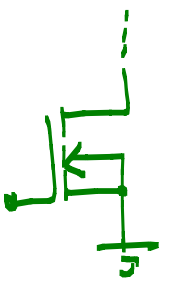
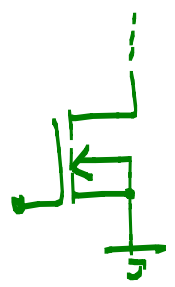
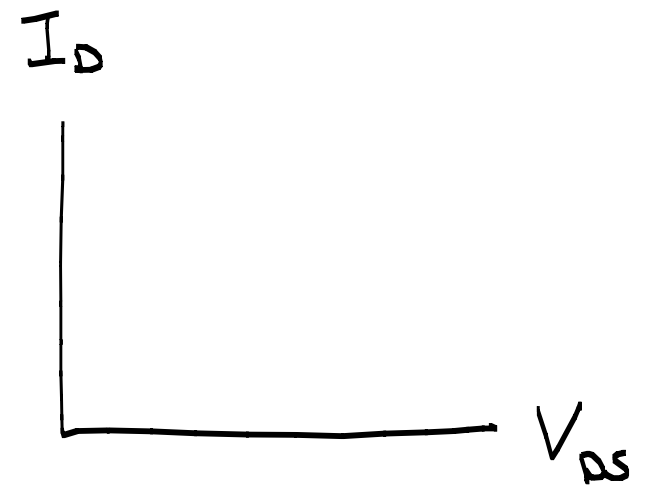
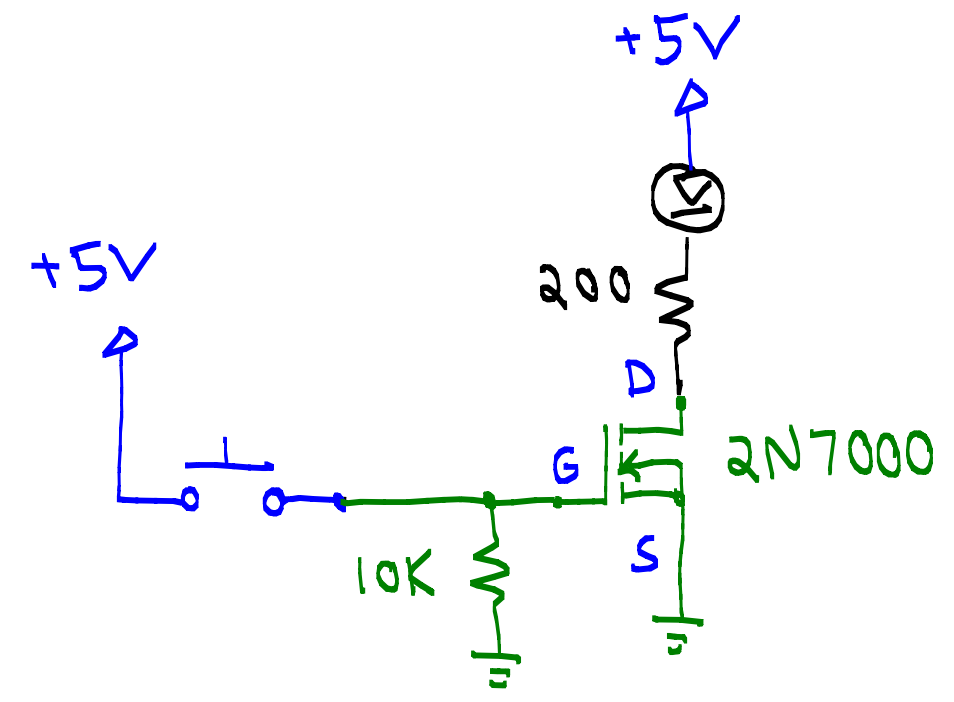


Figure 1. On-Region Characteristics

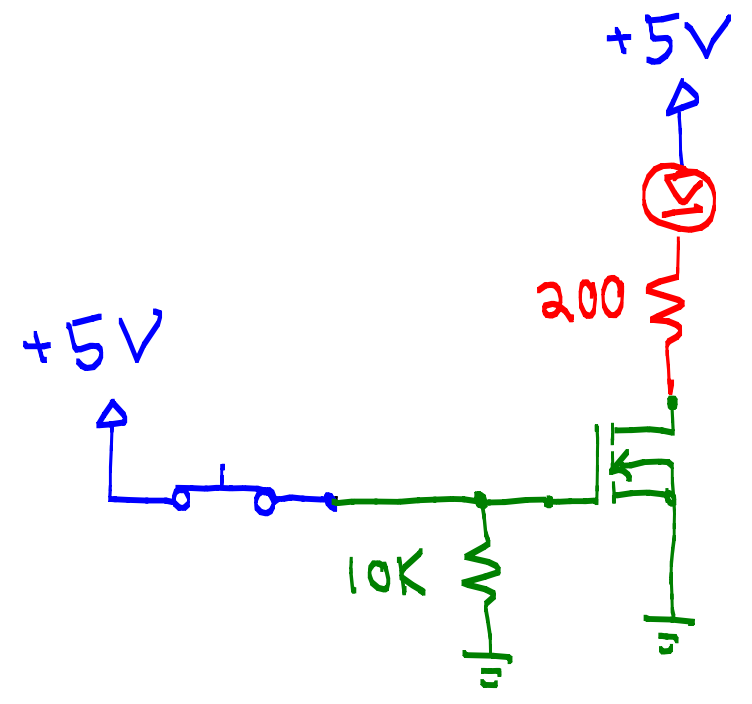
• From data sheet:

$$V_{GS,TH} = \quad , R_{DS,ON} //$$

• Push button open:



• Push button closed:

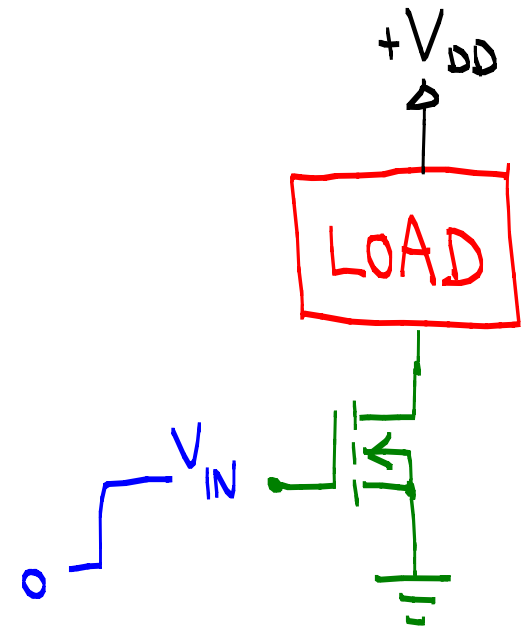


3. MOSFET switch design

STEP 1

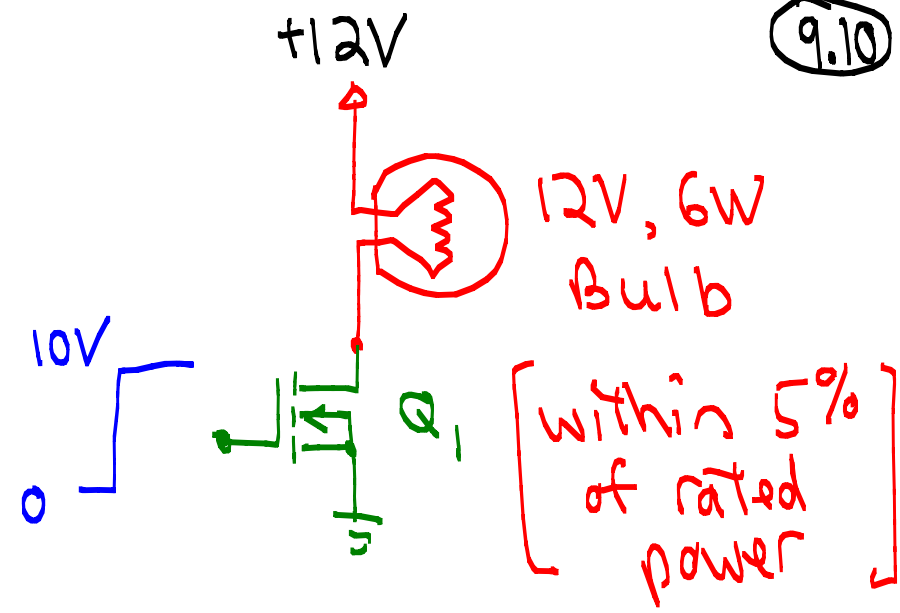
STEP 2

STEP 3



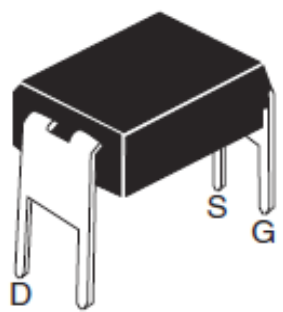
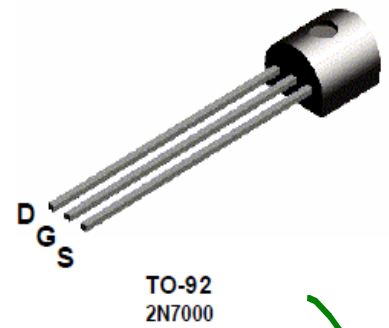
• Design example using typical properties:

STEP 1 Load properties



STEP 2 Choose MOSFETs

Q_1 :



	Max I_D	V_{GS}	V_{DS}	Rated P (no HS) (w/HS)
2N7000	200mA	$\pm 20V$	60V	0.4W
IRFD120	1.3A	$\pm 20V$	100V	1.3W

• Threshold V_{GS}

SPECIFICATIONS ($T_J = 25\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$, unless otherwise noted)							
PARAMETER	SYMBOL	TEST CONDITIONS		MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNIT
Static							
Drain-Source Breakdown Voltage	V_{DS}	$V_{GS} = 0\text{ V}, I_D = 250\text{ }\mu\text{A}$		100	-	-	V
V_{DS} Temperature Coefficient	$\Delta V_{DS}/T_J$	Reference to $25\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$, $I_D = 1\text{ mA}$		-	0.13	-	V/ $^\circ\text{C}$
Gate-Source Threshold Voltage	$V_{GS(th)}$	$V_{DS} = V_{GS}, I_D = 250\text{ }\mu\text{A}$		2.0	-	4.0	V
Gate-Source Leakage	I_{GSS}	$V_{GS} = \pm 20\text{ V}$		-	-	± 100	nA
Zero Gate Voltage Drain Current	I_{DSS}	$V_{DS} = 100\text{ V}, V_{GS} = 0\text{ V}$		-	-	25	μA
		$V_{DS} = 80\text{ V}, V_{GS} = 0\text{ V}, T_J = 150\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$		-	-	250	
Drain-Source On-State Resistance	$R_{DS(on)}$	$V_{GS} = 10\text{ V}$	$I_D = 0.78\text{ A}^b$	-	-	0.27	Ω

Typical $R_{DS(on)}$ @ $V_{GS} = 10V$:



9.12

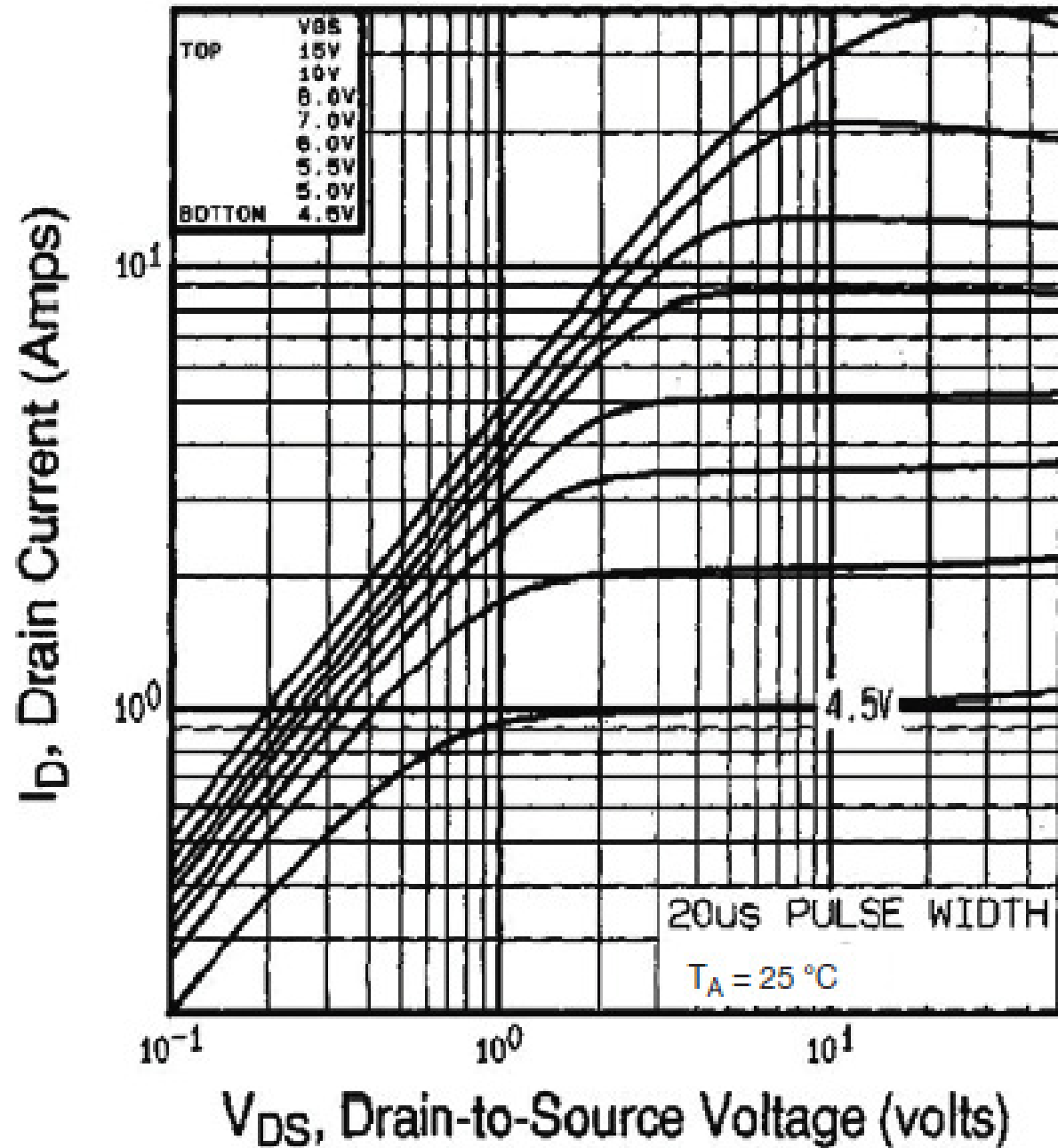


Fig. 1 - Typical Output Characteristics, $T_A = 25^\circ C$

- $V_{GS} = 10V$

$$I_D =$$

$$P =$$

$$T_J =$$

STEP 3 Confirm operation

