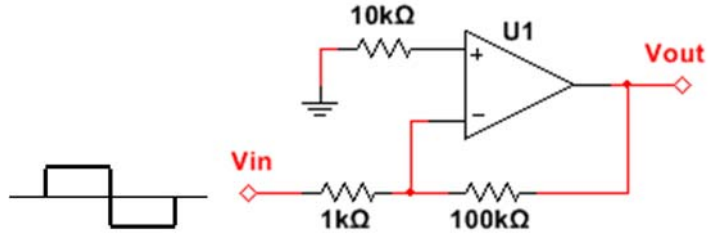


1 problem for 20 pts

Op Amp Speed and Output Error

Consider an inverting amplifier built with an LM248 op amp. The closed loop gain is $|G| = +40$ dB. The input V_{IN} is a 20 mV_{PP} square wave at 3 kHz.

- Compute the amplifier's small-signal bandwidth and rise time T_R .
- Compute the slew rate-limited rise time T_{SR} for V_{OUT} .
- Sketch both the input V_{IN} and output V_{OUT} over a 1 ms interval. Label important features!
- Compute the worst-case output error voltage.



(extra sheet for work)



These devices have limited built-in ESD protection. The leads should be shorted together or the device placed in conductive foam during storage or handling to prevent electrostatic damage to the MOS gates.

Absolute Maximum Ratings⁽¹⁾⁽²⁾

| | LM148 | LM248 | LM348 |
|--|--------------------------|-----------------------|---------------------|
| Supply Voltage | ±22V | ±18V | ±18V |
| Differential Input Voltage | ±44V | ±36V | ±36V |
| Output Short Circuit Duration ⁽³⁾ | Continuous | Continuous | Continuous |
| Power Dissipation (P_d at 25°C) and Thermal Resistance (θ_{JA}) ⁽⁴⁾ | | | |
| PDIP (NFF) P_d | — | — | 750 mW |
| θ_{JA} | — | — | 100°C/W |
| CDIP (J) P_d | 1100 mW | 800 mW | 700 mW |
| θ_{JA} | 110°C/W | 110°C/W | 110°C/W |
| Maximum Junction Temperature (T_{JMAX}) | 150°C | 110°C | 100°C |
| Operating Temperature Range | -55°C ≤ T_A ≤ +125°C | -25°C ≤ T_A ≤ +85°C | 0°C ≤ T_A ≤ +70°C |
| Storage Temperature Range | -65°C to +150°C | -65°C to +150°C | -65°C to +150°C |
| Lead Temperature (Soldering, 10 sec.) Ceramic | 300°C | 300°C | 300°C |
| Lead Temperature (Soldering, 10 sec.) Plastic | | | 260°C |
| Soldering Information | | | |
| Dual-In-Line Package | Soldering (10 seconds) | 260°C | 260°C |
| Small Outline Package | Vapor Phase (60 seconds) | 215°C | 215°C |
| | Infrared (15 seconds) | 220°C | 220°C |
| ESD tolerance ⁽⁵⁾ | 500V | 500V | 500V |

- Refer to RETS 148X for LM148 military specifications.
- If Military/Aerospace specified devices are required, please contact the TI Sales Office/Distributors for availability and specifications.
- Any of the amplifier outputs can be shorted to ground indefinitely; however, more than one should not be simultaneously shorted as the maximum junction temperature will be exceeded.
- The maximum power dissipation for these devices must be derated at elevated temperatures and is dictated by T_{JMAX} , θ_{JA} , and the ambient temperature, T_A . The maximum available power dissipation at any temperature is $P_d = (T_{JMAX} - T_A)/\theta_{JA}$ or the 25°C P_{DMAX} , whichever is less.
- Human body model, 1.5 kΩ in series with 100 pF.

Electrical Characteristics

These specifications apply for $V_S = \pm 15V$ and over the absolute maximum operating temperature range ($T_L \leq T_A \leq T_H$) unless otherwise noted.

| Parameter | Conditions | LM148 | | | LM248 | | | LM348 | | | Units |
|---------------------------------|--|-------|------|-----|-------|------|-----|-------|------|-----|---------|
| | | Min | Typ | Max | Min | Typ | Max | Min | Typ | Max | |
| Input Offset Voltage | $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$, $R_S \leq 10\text{ k}\Omega$ | | 1.0 | 5.0 | | 1.0 | 6.0 | | 1.0 | 6.0 | mV |
| Input Offset Current | $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$ | | 4 | 25 | | 4 | 50 | | 4 | 50 | nA |
| Input Bias Current | $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$ | | 30 | 100 | | 30 | 200 | | 30 | 200 | nA |
| Input Resistance | $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$ | 0.8 | 2.5 | | 0.8 | 2.5 | | 0.8 | 2.5 | | MΩ |
| Supply Current All Amplifiers | $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$, $V_S = \pm 15V$ | | 2.4 | 3.6 | | 2.4 | 4.5 | | 2.4 | 4.5 | mA |
| Large Signal Voltage Gain | $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$, $V_S = \pm 15V$ $V_{OUT} = \pm 10V$, $R_L \geq 2\text{ k}\Omega$ | 50 | 160 | | 25 | 160 | | 25 | 160 | | V/mV |
| Amplifier to Amplifier Coupling | $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$, $f = 1\text{ Hz to } 20\text{ kHz}$ (Input Referred) See Crosstalk Test Circuit | | -120 | | | -120 | | | -120 | | dB |
| Small Signal Bandwidth | $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$, LM148 Series | | 1.0 | | | 1.0 | | | 1.0 | | MHz |
| Phase Margin | $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$, LM148 Series ($A_V = 1$) | | 60 | | | 60 | | | 60 | | degrees |

Electrical Characteristics (continued)

These specifications apply for $V_S = \pm 15V$ and over the absolute maximum operating temperature range ($T_L \leq T_A \leq T_H$) unless otherwise noted.

| Parameter | Conditions | LM148 | | | LM248 | | | LM348 | | | Units |
|------------------------------|---|----------|----------|-----|----------|----------|-----|----------|----------|-----|------------|
| | | Min | Typ | Max | Min | Typ | Max | Min | Typ | Max | |
| Slew Rate | $T_A = 25^\circ C$, LM148 Series ($A_V = 1$) | | 0.5 | | | 0.5 | | | 0.5 | | V/ μs |
| Output Short Circuit Current | $T_A = 25^\circ C$ | | 25 | | | 25 | | | 25 | | mA |
| Input Offset Voltage | $R_S \leq 10\text{ k}\Omega$ | | | 6.0 | | | 7.5 | | | 7.5 | mV |
| Input Offset Current | | | | 75 | | | 125 | | | 100 | nA |
| Input Bias Current | | | | 325 | | | 500 | | | 400 | nA |
| Large Signal Voltage Gain | $V_S = \pm 15V$, $V_{OUT} = \pm 10V$, $R_L > 2\text{ k}\Omega$ | 25 | | | 15 | | | 15 | | | V/mV |
| Output Voltage Swing | $V_S = \pm 15V$, $R_L = 10\text{ k}\Omega$ | ± 12 | ± 13 | | ± 12 | ± 13 | | ± 12 | ± 13 | | V |
| | $R_L = 2\text{ k}\Omega$ | ± 10 | ± 12 | | ± 10 | ± 12 | | ± 10 | ± 12 | | V |
| Input Voltage Range | $V_S = \pm 15V$ | ± 12 | | | ± 12 | | | ± 12 | | | V |
| Common-Mode Rejection Ratio | $R_S \leq 10\text{ k}\Omega$ | 70 | 90 | | 70 | 90 | | 70 | 90 | | dB |
| Supply Voltage Rejection | $R_S \leq 10\text{ k}\Omega$, $\pm 5V \leq V_S \leq \pm 15V$ | 77 | 96 | | 77 | 96 | | 77 | 96 | | dB |

CROSS TALK TEST CIRCUIT

$V_S = \pm 15V$

