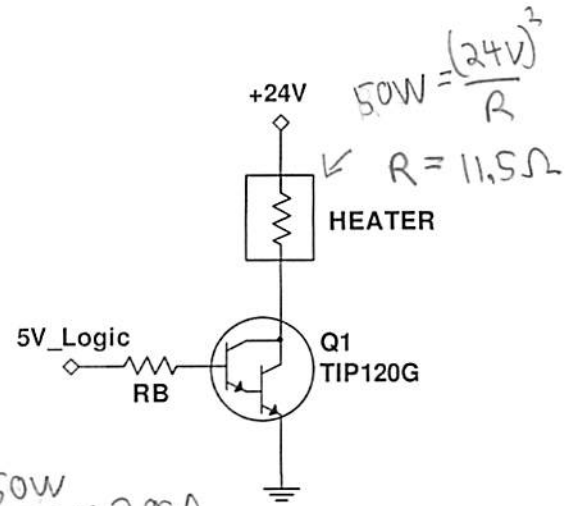


2 problems for 20 pts

Problem 1: BJT Switch

A microcontroller with 5V logic output operates a Darlington switch for a heating element (i.e. a resistor) rated at 24V @ 50W.

- (a) Choose the appropriate 5% value for R_B under typical Q1 conditions.
- (b) Assuming worst-case Q1 conditions, would a 15 °C/W heat sink be adequate for Q1?

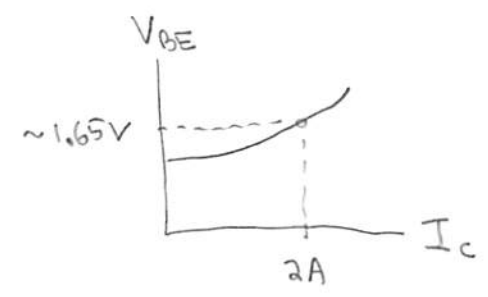


(a) Load: 24V @ 50W $P = IV \rightarrow I = \frac{50W}{24V} = 2.08A$

+5

TIP120: Typical $V_{BE} = 1.65V$

want $I_B \sim \frac{I_C}{250}$ for Darlington



$\frac{5 - 1.65}{R_B} \sim \frac{2.08A}{250} = 8.3 mA$

$R_B = 404K$ choose $R_B = 430\Omega$ ← 390Ω also OK (harder saturation)

+5

Worst case:

$I_C = \frac{24 - 1.74}{11.5\Omega} = 1.94A$

$I_B = \frac{5 - 2.3}{430} = 6.3mA$

$V_{CE(sat)}$	max	2V	?
	typ	1.15V	1V
		3A	2A

$\max V_{CE} = \frac{2}{1.15} \times 1 = 1.74V$

$V_{BE(sat)}$	max	2.5V	?
	typ	1.8	1.65
		3A	2A

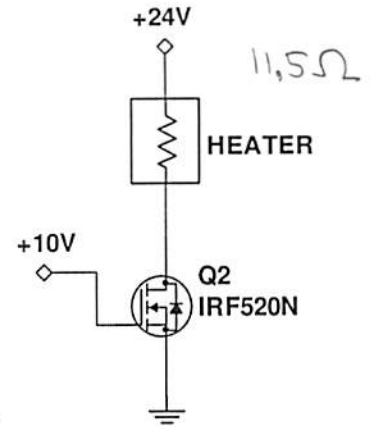
$\max V_{BE} = \frac{2.5}{1.8} \times 1.65 = 2.3V$

$P = (0.0063)(2.3) + (1.94A)(1.74V)$

Problem 2: MOSFET Switch

Consider a power MOSFET for the same type of heating element (rated at 24V @ 50W). The control comes from a logic level shifter producing 0 to 10V logic.

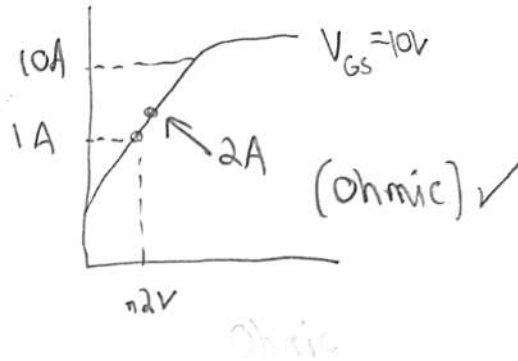
- (a) Compute the load voltage and load power dissipation under typical Q1 conditions.
 (b) Assuming worst-case Q2 conditions, does Q2 need a heat sink?



(a)

$$R_{DS(on)} \sim \frac{24V}{1A} = 24\Omega$$

$$I_D = \frac{24}{11.5 + 24} = 2.05A$$



+5

$$V_{LOAD} = (2.05A)(11.5\Omega)$$

$$= \boxed{23.6V}$$

$$P = (2.05A)(23.6V) = \boxed{48.4W}$$

(b)

$$Q_2: \text{max } R_{DS(on)} = 0.27\Omega$$

$$I_D = \frac{24}{(11.5 + 0.27)} = 2.04A$$

$$P_{Q2} = (2.04)^2(0.27) = 1.12W$$

+5

$$T_J = 25 + 1.12W \times 62^\circ C/W = 94.4^\circ C > 85^\circ C$$

Yes, but would probably be OK without one.