

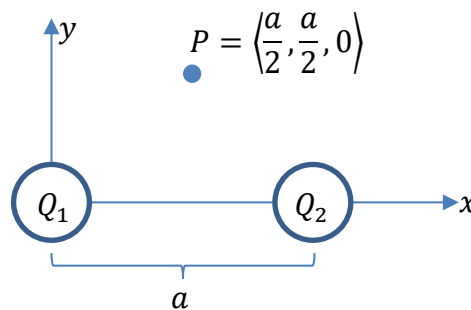
Name \_\_\_\_\_

Physics 121 Quiz #2, September 23, 2022

Please show all work, thoughts and/or reasoning in order to receive partial credit. The quiz is worth 10 points total.

I affirm that I have carried out my academic endeavors with full academic honesty.

Consider two very long plastic rods each of length  $L = 10\text{m}$  placed parallel to each other a distance  $a = 10\text{cm}$  apart. The rods are oriented along the  $z$ -axis (which points into and out of the plane of the page) with the midpoint of the rods located at  $z = 0$ . Each rod has a charge  $Q_1 = Q_2 = 3.2\mu\text{C}$ .



1. What is the electric field (magnitude and direction) at a point  $P = \left(\frac{a}{2}, \frac{a}{2}, 0\right)$  due to the rod with charge  $Q_1$ ?

$$\vec{E}_1 = \left\langle \frac{kQ_1}{r\sqrt{r^2 + \left(\frac{L}{2}\right)^2}} \cos \theta, \frac{kQ_1}{r\sqrt{r^2 + \left(\frac{L}{2}\right)^2}} \sin \theta, 0 \right\rangle$$

$$r = \sqrt{\left(\frac{a}{2}\right)^2 + \left(\frac{a}{2}\right)^2} = \frac{a}{\sqrt{2}} = \frac{0.1\text{m}}{\sqrt{2}} = 0.071\text{m}$$

$$\tan \theta = \frac{a/2}{a/2} = 1 \rightarrow \theta = \tan^{-1} 1 = 45^\circ$$

$$\vec{E}_1 = \left\langle \frac{kQ_1}{r\sqrt{r^2 + \left(\frac{L}{2}\right)^2}} \cos \theta, \frac{kQ_1}{r\sqrt{r^2 + \left(\frac{L}{2}\right)^2}} \sin \theta, 0 \right\rangle$$

$$\vec{E}_1 = \frac{9 \times 10^9 \frac{\text{Nm}^2}{\text{C}^2} \times 3.2 \times 10^{-6} \text{C}}{0.071\text{m} \sqrt{(0.071\text{m})^2 + \left(\frac{10\text{m}}{2}\right)^2}} \langle \cos 45^\circ, \sin 45^\circ, 0 \rangle$$

$$\vec{E}_1 = \langle 5.7, 5.7, 0 \rangle \times 10^4 \frac{\text{N}}{\text{C}}$$

2. What is the electric field (magnitude and direction) at a point  $P = \langle \frac{a}{2}, \frac{a}{2}, 0 \rangle$  due to the rod with charge  $Q_2$ ?

$$\vec{E}_2 = \left\langle -\frac{kQ_2}{r\sqrt{r^2 + \left(\frac{L}{2}\right)^2}} \cos \theta, \frac{kQ_2}{r\sqrt{r^2 + \left(\frac{L}{2}\right)^2}} \sin \theta, 0 \right\rangle$$

$$\vec{E}_2 = \frac{9 \times 10^9 \frac{Nm^2}{C^2} \times 3.2 \times 10^{-6} C}{0.071m \sqrt{(0.071m)^2 + \left(\frac{10m}{2}\right)^2}} \langle -\cos 45, \sin 45, 0 \rangle$$

$$\vec{E}_2 = \langle -5.7, 5.7, 0 \rangle \times 10^4 \frac{N}{C}$$

3. What is the net electric field at point  $P = \langle \frac{a}{2}, \frac{a}{2}, 0 \rangle$  from rods with charges  $Q_1$  and  $Q_2$ ?

$$\vec{E}_{net} = \vec{E}_1 + \vec{E}_2 = \langle 5.7, 5.7, 0 \rangle \times 10^4 \frac{N}{C} + \langle -5.7, 5.7, 0 \rangle \times 10^4 \frac{N}{C} = \langle 0, 1.15, 0 \rangle \times 10^5 \frac{N}{C}$$

4. Suppose that a point charge  $q_3 = -4\mu C$  were placed at point  $P = \langle \frac{a}{2}, \frac{a}{2}, 0 \rangle$ . What force would  $q_3$  experience?

$$\vec{F}_{q_3} = q_3 \vec{E}_{net} = -4 \times 10^{-6} C \times \langle 0, 1.15, 0 \rangle \times 10^5 \frac{N}{C} = \langle 0, -0.456, 0 \rangle N$$