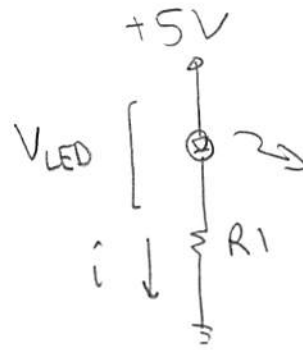


①

$$5 - V_{LED} - iR_1 = 0$$

$$i = \frac{5 - V_{LED}}{R_1} \approx .030 A$$

$$R_1 \approx \frac{5 - 2.1}{.030} = 96.7 \Omega$$

Choose $R_1 = 100 \Omega$ 

+4

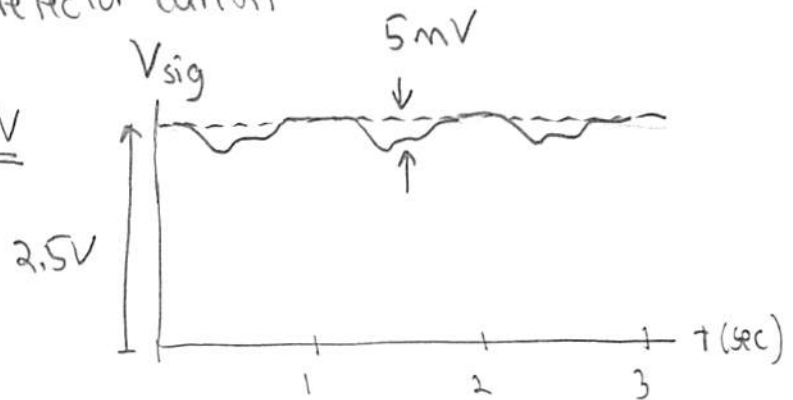
②

Higher absorption $\rightarrow$ Lower detector current

$$V_{pulse} = .002 \times 2.5V = \underline{5 mV}$$

$$60 \text{ bpm} = 1 \frac{\text{beat}}{\text{sec}}$$

+4



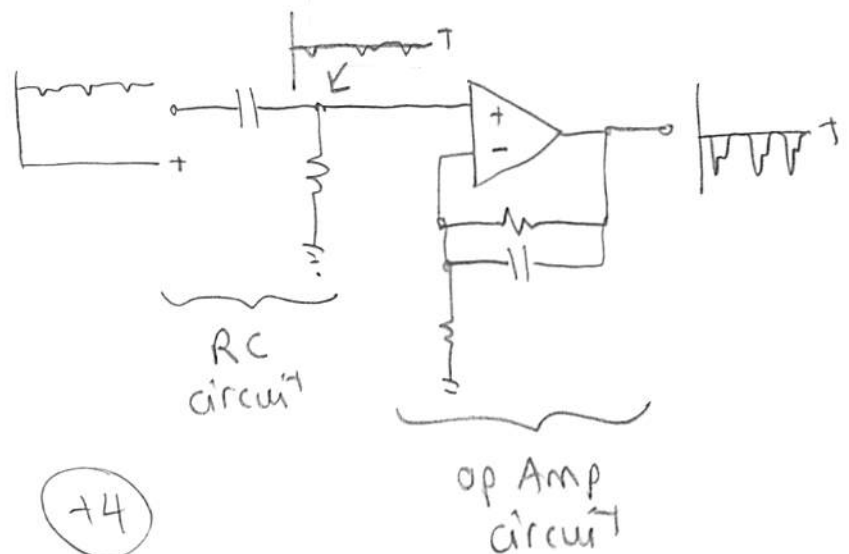
③

- RC circuit blocks the large DC component.

- op Amp circuit does two things =

① Amplify the pulses② Suppress noise

+4



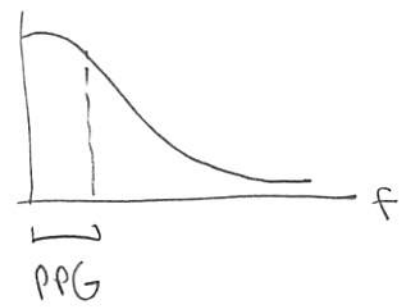
④

$$G = 1 + \frac{R_2}{R_1} \frac{1}{1 + jf/f_c} \quad , \quad \frac{R_2}{R_1} = \frac{100K}{1K} = 100$$

$$= 1 + \frac{100}{1 + jf/15.9}$$

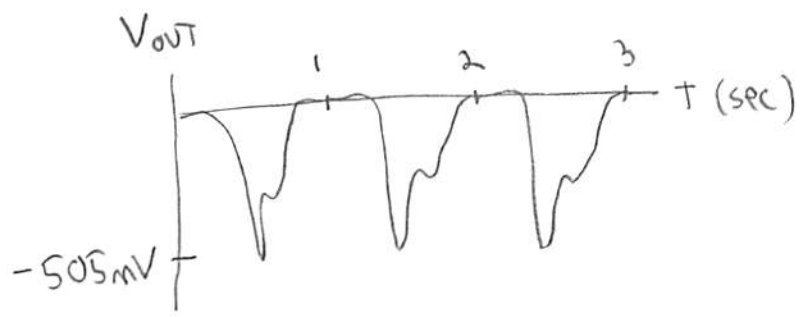
$$f_c = \frac{1}{2\pi(10^5)(0.1 \times 10^{-6})} = 15.9 \text{ Hz}$$

≈ 101 for PPG signal



$$|V_{out}| = 101 \times 5 \text{ mV}$$

$$= 505 \text{ mV}$$



+4

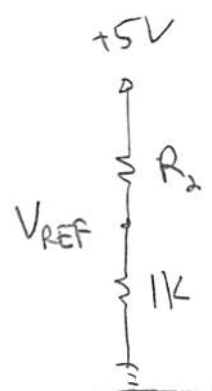
⑤

$$V_{REF} = 5 \frac{1K}{1K + R_2} \approx 1V$$

$$5 = 1 + R_2 \rightarrow R_2 = 4K$$

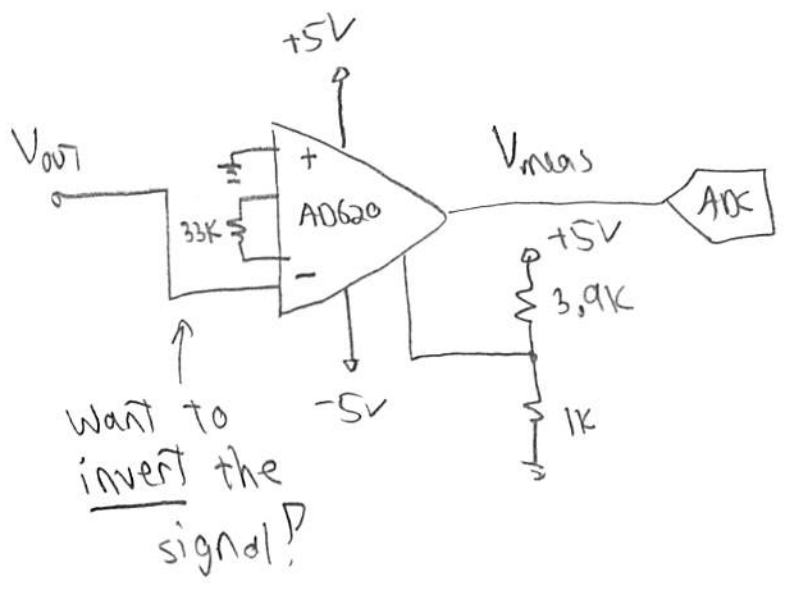
Choose

$$R_2 = 3.9K$$



+4

⑥



+3

⑦ overall gain: $G_{\text{Total}} = G_1 \times G_2 = \boxed{252.5}$

$\uparrow$ $\uparrow$
 101 $A_d = 1 + \frac{49400}{33000} = 2.5$

+3

⑧ $V_{\text{meas}} = V_{\text{ref}} + A_d \Delta V = 1 + 2.5 \times [0 - V_{\text{out}}]$

$= 1 - 2.5 \times [-505 \text{ mV pulses}]$

$= 1 + [1.263 \text{ V pulses}]$

+4

