Union College Endowment

An Analysis and Evaluation of Investment Strategy and Performance

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Summary

On August 11, 2021, an e-mail from "Chair, Faculty Executive Committee <fec@union.edu> (sent by carrollm@union.edu)" to the general faculty stated, among other things, "The faculty members on P&P emerged from the meeting [with "Five members of the Board of Trustees' Finance Committee," and others] confident that the current suite of strategies employed by the Board of Trustees to manage the Endowment are in the best interests of the College." [Emphasis added.]

The above assessment was made in the face of substantial evidence to the contrary at that time. Here are some key findings of my research on the endowment since the above message. (*All years are fiscal years; that is, for example, 2021 means July 1, 2020 through June 30, 2021.*)

1. Union's Short-term performance

- Lower rate of return than the widely-used financial markets benchmark, S&P500 Index².
 o 2021, 12 percentage points lower
 - \circ 2022, 4 percentage points lower
- Lower rate of return than median rate of return for endowments.
 - 0 2022: Union -15% vs. -8%. "The median result for endowments and foundations in the fiscal year ended June 30 [2022] was a 7.8% loss, according to a preliminary estimate by Cambridge Associates." *The Wall Street Journal*, October 31st, 2022.
- Second highest rate of decrease in endowment among Union's thirty-one "peer institutions."
 2022: Union -16% vs. median peer -7%. (See Appendix 1, below.)

2. Union's Long-term performance

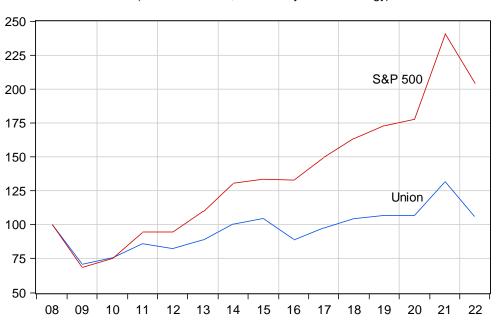
- Worse than S&P 500 Index, for *any* window length, spanning from 5 to 22 years, starting from FY2000 on.³
- Using 2008 as a logical base year (see <u>this interview</u> by the chair of the Investment Committee of the Board of Trustees), the inflation-adjusted value of the endowment in FY2022 was approximately \$30 million *less* than it was in 2008.

¹ I am grateful to the many colleagues who provided invaluable feedback on earlier versions of this report. A student research assistant provided help with data collection. I am solely responsible for the contents of this report. Also, consistent with principles of transparency and accountability, all data, spreadsheets, econometric workfiles, and methodological approaches and formulas used in the preparation of this report are available upon request. An extensive bibliography on endowment management can be found <u>here</u>.

² "The Standard and Poor's 500, or simply the S&P 500, is a stock market index tracking the stock performance of 500 of the largest companies listed on stock exchanges in the United States. It is one of the most commonly followed equity indices." More details can be found <u>here</u>.

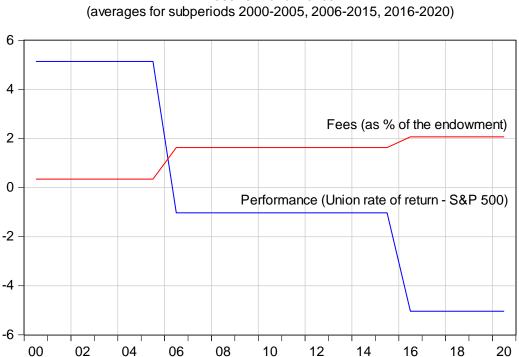
³ We used Union consultants'--Gerber-Taylor—methodology. Essentially, starting with \$100 from FY2000 on, with an annual draw of 5%, we track the performance of that \$100 based on Union's returns, on the one hand, and S&P500, on the other.

Continuing to use 2008 as a base year, and using Union's own methodology and data (see footnote 3 above), by the end of FY2022 Union had *underperformed* S&P500 by 92%.



A Performance Comparison: Union vs. S&P 500 (FY2008-FY2022; Gerber-Taylor Methodology)

On average, investment fees as a percentage of the endowment have increased by 491% • during the 2000-2020 period, while, during the same period, performance has deteriorated by 198%. (See graph below; click here, pp. 2-3, for full details. See Appendix 3 for underlying data.)



Fees vs. Performance

- 3. Risk
 - Worse than S&P 500 Index, based on the Sharpe Index. The Sharpe Index, or Sharpe Ratio, enables us to compare the risk-return characteristics of Union's endowment performance with those of a "risk-free" asset, such as a ten-year US Treasury bond. Our computations show that Union performed poorly in this category as well. (See also #6 below.)
- 4. One of the justifications given by the College's consultants (Gerber-Taylor) for the payment of high investment management fees is that this mechanism insulates the endowment from *"low frequency/severe loss episodes"*. The data below demonstrate that this is precisely what has **not** happened. Note that, in particular, in 2016 there were **no** adverse market conditions.
 - The value of the endowment actually *declined* by
 - \$108 million in 2009; -27% (fees paid: \$3.24 million)
 - \$52 million in 2016; **-12%** (fees paid: \$5.6 million)
 - \$97 million in 2022; -16% (fees paid: information withheld by the College)
 NB: "fees" are specifically defined as "Investment management fees (including any incentive fees)."

5. Transparency

- Data on investment management and incentive fees have been withheld as of 2021. Requests for information put to the Vice President for Administration and Finance have not borne fruit.
- The names of the members of the Investment Committee of the Board of Trustees have been withheld. Requests for information put to the Vice President for Administration and Finance and to a Faculty Trustee have not borne fruit.
- According to the College, "Currently there is a restriction on board of trustee records for [at least] 25 years from creation." That restriction includes the minutes of the Investment Committee. Thus, as of 2023, only "investment committee minutes from 1998 and before can be viewed [subject to additional conditions]."
- There is no clarity on Cayman Islands investments--around 54% of Union's endowment is invested there.⁴
- Based on extensive discussions with a senior financial analyst on Wall Street (with 30 years of experience):
 - Three characteristics of a good investment strategy are: "simple, transparent, low-fee." Normally, investments on the Cayman Islands tend to be "complex, non-transparent, high-fee."
 - That senior financial analyst asked, "What are the types of investments for which you need to be on Cayman Islands rather than in the U.S.?"
- For examples of higher transparency in some peer institutions, see Amherst, <u>here</u>; and Colgate, <u>here</u>.

⁴ IRS form 990, Schedule F, 2020, under "CENTRAL AMERICA AND THE CARIBBEAN," "INVESTMENTS."

6. Accountability

- Deep in its <u>Winter 2023 Report</u>⁵ the Board of Trustees includes the following assertion (in the face of all the above evidence to the contrary): "During a highly volatile period for investing, the College remains in sound financial health with an endowment at about \$500 million."
- An alternative assessment, provided by the director of investment management services to a major academic institution, after thoroughly examining Union's data:
 - "Overall, I do agree that the data suggests that this endowment has not historically generated performance that a Union College stakeholder should consider acceptable."
 - "I think there are very valid questions about the strength of the long-term results and whether returns have been sufficient to compensate for the level of risk in the portfolio."
 - "The fact that their Sharpe ratios do not exceed the 70/30 MSCI ACWI benchmark [here] is surprising and, to me, does indicate a relatively poor historical return / risk ratio."
- Some College authorities seem to confuse a "benchmark" with an "investment strategy." A benchmark is just that, and S&P500 is a widely-used benchmark. We have not advocated investing 100% in an S&P500 index fund. In any case, Union's endowment has done poorly even considering other benchmarks. For example, according to the above expert, "[Union has] materially underperformed a 70% S&P 500 / 30% BBG US Aggregate [here] benchmark."
- There is a significant correlation between the endowment's underperformance and Union's slippage in national rankings (e.g., in *US News & World Report*). There are several factors that might explain such slippage. However, the investment strategy that has led to substantial endowment underperformance has deprived the college of millions of dollars that would have allowed us to invest in academic excellence and advance in the rankings. (See Appendix 2 for Union's ranking profile. For the criteria used by *US News* to calculate rankings, click <u>here</u>.)

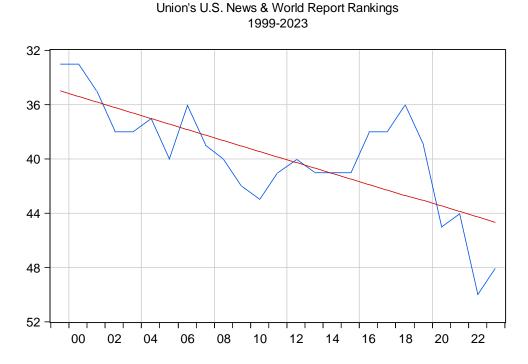
⁵ The link to the Winter 2023 Report was subsequently removed by the College.

Percentage Change in Endowment Market Value from FY21 to FY22

Occidental College(CA)	0.02
Trinity College(CT)	-0.38
Davidson College(NC)	-1.89
Dickinson College(PA)	-2.76
Middlebury College(VT)	-2.90
Bucknell University(PA)	-3.19
Haverford College(PA)	-3.51
Smith College(MA)	-3.56
Connecticut College	-4.12
Colgate University(NY)	-5.20
Kenyon College(OH)	-5.26
Carleton College(MN)	-5.55
Wesleyan University(CT)	-5.57
Lafayette College(PA)	-5.66
Swarthmore College(PA)	-6.00
Mount Holyoke College(MA)	-6.13
Macalester College(MN)	-7.11
Oberlin College(OH)	-7.34
Bowdoin College(ME)	-9.01
Hamilton College(NY)	-9.63
Bates College(ME)	-10.19
Colby College(ME)	-10.76
Amherst College(MA)	-12.01
Wellesley College(MA)	-12.05
St. Lawrence University(NY)	-12.87
Vassar College(NY)	-13.25
Franklin and Marshall (PA)	-15.02
Grinnell College(IA)	-15.25
Williams College(MA)	-15.26
Skidmore College(NY)	-15.67
Union College(NY)	-16.04
Hobart & WS (NY)	-24.32

- *Notes:* The change in market values listed for the participating institutions DOES NOT represent the investment rate of return for the endowments' investments. Rather, the change in the market value of an endowment from FY21 to FY22 reflects the net impact of:
 - 1) withdrawals to fund institutional operations and capital expenses;
 - 2) the payment of endowment management and investment fees;
 - 3) additions from donor gifts and other contributions; and
 - 4) investment gains or losses.
- Source: National Association of College and University Business Officers and TIAA. 2023.

Union College A Measure of Long-Term Performance



Notes: The adverse long-term trend is statistically highly significant. Union's ranking in 1999 was 33; in 2023 it was 48. The trend in the most recent 6-year window, 2018-2023, is significantly worse.

Source: Data for the construction of the above graph come from Andrew G. Reiter, "U.S. News & World Report Historical Liberal Arts College and University Rankings," available at: <u>http://andyreiter.com/datasets/.</u>

Basic Endowment-Related Data, Union College, 2000-2022

FY	Endowment	Fees	Fees as % Endow	RoR	SP500	Underperformance
	millions	millions	%	%	%	% points
2000	274.4	0.70	0.3	3.4	7.2	-3.8
2001	268.9	0.86	0.3	-0.4	-14.8	14.4
2002	245.3	0.84	0.3	-6.1	-18.0	11.9
2003	246.1	0.81	0.3	4.9	0.3	4.6
2004	276.4	1.16	0.4	18.4	19.1	-0.7
2005	298.3	1.32	0.4	10.8	6.3	4.5
2006	324.0	3.45	1.1	13.7	8.6	5.1
2007	378.7	4.87	1.3	18.6	20.6	-2.0
2008	399.5	7.33	1.8	3.6	-13.1	16.7
2009	291.3	3.24	1.1	-23.6	-26.2	2.6
2010	297.1	4.85	1.6	11.0	14.4	-3.4
2011	327.8	6.86	2.1	18.9	30.7	-11.8
2012	322.0	5.60	1.7	1.7	5.4	-3.7
2013	358.6	6.20	1.7	12.3	20.6	-8.3
2014	415.8	8.56	2.1	17.9	24.6	-6.7
2015	441.0	7.99	1.8	8.6	7.4	1.2
2016	389.2	5.60	1.4	-9.7	4.0	-13.7
2017	427.6	6.93	1.6	15.2	17.9	-2.7
2018	456.5	9.10	2.0	11.9	14.4	-2.5
2019	470.0	10.60	2.3	6.5	10.4	-3.9
2020	478.0	14.60	3.1	5.1	7.5	-2.4
2021	598.7	N/A	N/A	29.0	40.8	-11.8
2022	501.8	N/A	N/A	-14.7	-10.6	-4.1

Notation:

Endowment	Amount as reported by KPMG under "endowment and similar funds balances."
Fees	"Investment management fees (including any incentive fees)." KPMG
RoR	"The pooled endowment total return." KPMG
SP500	"S&P 500 Total Return Index." Source: S&P Global and Bloomberg. This is a
	widely-used performance benchmark in financial markets.
Underperformance	RoR minus S&P 500.

All KPMG data are as of June 30 of the respective years. KPMG is the College's auditor.

Data on fees have been withheld by the College as of FY2021.