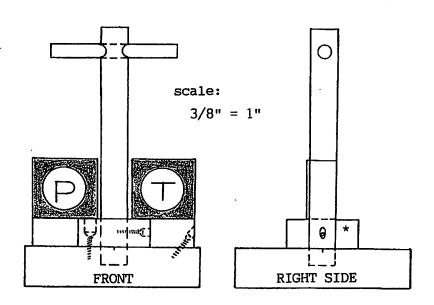
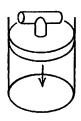
teaching The Gas Laws - A model of a cylinder (large beaker) with a piston (all wood) to help illustrate and explain the gas laws (kinetic theory of gases).



I used a 2000 ml beaker I had on hand. (The more common 1000 ml beaker would do.) The piston is about 4 15/16" in dia. and 1 1/16" thick (5/4" pine). The handle is 3/4" dia. dowel, about 6 5/8" long, with a "cross" dowel of 3/8" dia. and 3½" long. The "gauges" are 3/4" pine. I used only screws to fasten everything together (no glue or nails), two 1 x 10 FH and four $7/8 \times 4$ FH (RH would do).

* a 3/4" pine block, 2" sq.

The "gauges" are drawn on 1 3/4" sq. copy paper, cut out, and pasted on.

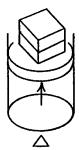


piston pushed down

(Boyle's Law) If T constant:

$$\frac{P_1}{P_2} = \frac{V_2}{V_1}$$

$$\frac{P_1}{P_2} = \frac{V_2}{V_1}$$
 $P_1 V_1 = P_2 V_2$

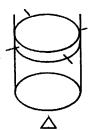


piston "floats" freely upward

(Charles' Law) If P_{constant}:

$$\frac{\mathbf{v_1}}{\mathbf{v_2}} = \frac{\mathbf{T_1}}{\mathbf{T_2}}$$

$$\frac{\mathbf{v}_1}{\mathbf{T}_1} = \frac{\mathbf{v}_2}{\mathbf{T}_2}$$



piston "locked" in

If V constant: $\frac{P_1}{P_2} = \frac{T_1}{T_2}$

$$\frac{P_1}{P_2} = \frac{T_1}{T_2}$$

$$\frac{P_1}{T_1} = \frac{P_2}{T_2}$$

$$\frac{P_1 V_1}{T_1} = \frac{P_2 V_2}{T_2}$$
 (T in •K)